

# 國立臺北科技大學 100 學年度碩士班招生考試

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## 第二節 電子學 試題 (選考)

第一頁 共二頁

### 注意事項：

1. 本試題共 4 題，配分共 100 分。
2. 請標明大題、子題編號作答，不必抄題。
3. 全部答案均須在答案卷之答案欄內作答，否則不予計分。

1. The BiCMOS circuit shown in Figure P1 is equivalent to a pnp bipolar transistor with infinite input impedance. The bias current is  $I_Q = 0.5\text{mA}$ . The MOS parameters are  $V_{TP} = -0.5\text{V}$ ,  $k_p = 0.7\text{mA/V}^2$ , and  $\lambda = 0$ , and the BJT parameters are  $\beta = 180$ ,  $V_{BE(on)} = 0.7\text{V}$ , and  $V_A = \infty$ . (a) Sketch the small-signal equivalent circuit, and calculate the small-signal parameters for each transistor. (b) Determine the small-signal voltage gain  $A_v = v_o/v_i$  for (i)  $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$  and (ii)  $R_L = 100\text{k}\Omega$ . (c) Find the small-signal output resistance  $R_o$ . (Total 30%, each item 10%)

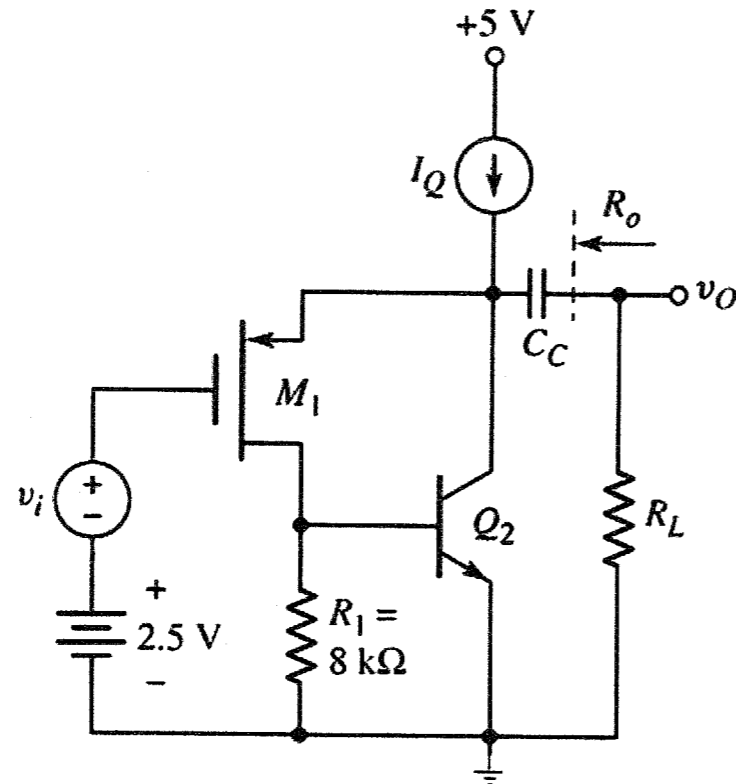


Figure of P1

2. Consider the circuit in Figure P2. Assume idea op-amps are used. (a) Derive the expression for the current  $i_O$  as a function of input voltages  $v_{I1}$  and  $v_{I2}$ . (b) Design the circuit such that  $i_O = 5\text{mA}$  for  $v_{I1} = 0.25\text{V}$  and  $v_{I2} = -0.25\text{V}$ . (c) using the results of part (b), determine  $v_{O1}$  and  $v_{O2}$  if  $R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$ . (d) Determine  $i_O$ ,  $v_{O1}$ , and  $v_{O2}$  for  $R = 500\Omega$ ,  $R_L = 3\text{k}\Omega$ ,  $v_{I1} = 1.25\text{V}$ , and  $v_{I2} = 1.75\text{V}$ . (Total 20%, each item 5%)

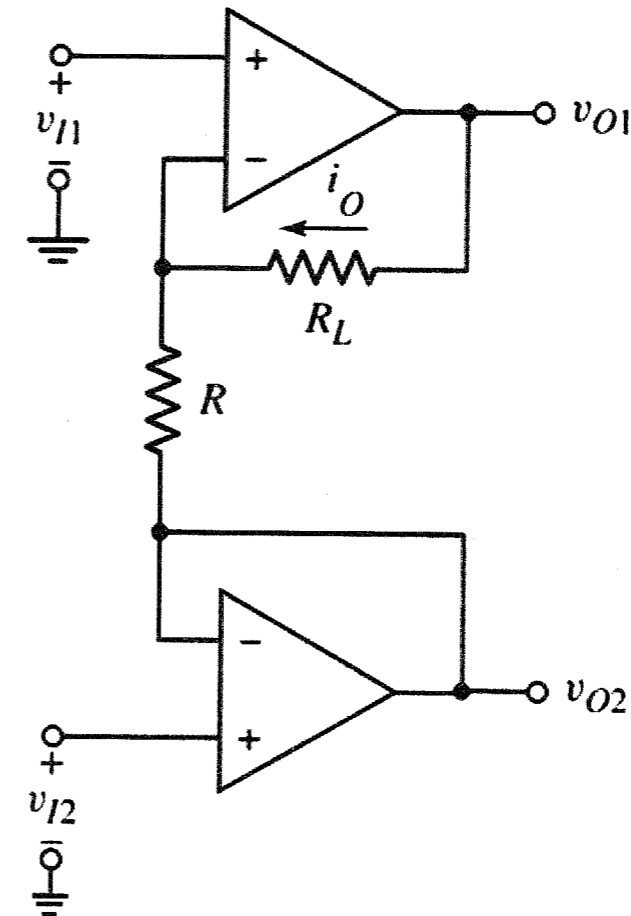


Figure of P2

3. A three-stage CMOS operational amplifier circuit is shown in Fig. P3. The transistor parameters are  $V_{TN} = 0.7\text{V}$ ,  $V_{TP} = -0.7\text{V}$ ,  $k_n' = 80\mu\text{A/V}^2$ ,  $k_p' = 40\mu\text{A/V}^2$ ,  $\lambda_n = 0.01\text{V}^{-1}$ ,  $\lambda_p = 0.015\text{V}^{-1}$ . Assume  $I_{REF} = 160\mu\text{A}$  and  $W/L$  of  $M_8$  is  $25/4$ . (a) The overall differential voltage gain can write as  $A_v = A_{d1} A_2 A_3$ , Find  $A_{d1} = v_{o1}/(v_2 - v_1)$ . (b) Find  $A_2 = v_{o2}/v_{o1}$ . (c) The last stage is a class-AB output stage formed by  $M_6$ ,  $M_7$  and  $M_8$ , Find the standby current,  $I_{DQ}$ , of  $M_6$  and  $M_7$  ( $I_{DQ} = I_{DQ6} = I_{DQ7}$ ). (Total 30%, each item 10%)
4. The saturated output voltages are  $\pm V_P$  for the Schmitt trigger in Figure P4. (a) Derive the expressions for the crossover voltages  $V_{TH}$  and  $V_{TL}$ . (b) If  $V_P = 12\text{V}$ ,  $V_{REF} = -10\text{V}$ , and  $R_3 = 10\text{k}\Omega$ , find  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  such that the switching point is  $V_S = -5\text{V}$  and the hysteresis width is  $0.2\text{V}$ . (c) If  $V_{REF} = -6\text{V}$ , sketch the voltage transfer characteristics. [Total 20%, (a) 10%, (b) 5%, (c) 5%]

注意：背面尚有試題

