107/3/7 8:00 AM~9:30 AM

化學系

誠實是我們珍視的美德, 我們喜愛「拒絕作弊,堅守正直」的你!

科目:<u>普通化學(分「普通化學(A)」及「普通化學(B)」兩部份計分,各估100分</u>(共4頁,第1頁) [M可使用計算機(僅限於四則運算、三角函數及對數等基本功能,可程式之功能不可使用) 「不可使用計算機

-----(不可直接作答於試題, 請作答於答案卷)-

- 一、普通化學(A),選擇題 (10 題, 每題 10 分, 共 100 分)
- 1. The element rhenium (Re) exists as two stable isotopes and 18 unstable isotopes. Rhenium-185 has in its nucleus
 - a. 75 protons, 110 neutrons.
 - b. 75 protons, 75 neutrons.
 - c. 75 protons, 130 neutrons.
 - d. 130 protons, 75 neutrons.
 - e. not enough information is given.
- 2. The volume of a balloon is 3.02 L at 22.7°C. The balloon is heated to 43.6°C. Calculate the new volume of the balloon.
 - a. 1.57 L
 - b. 3.02 L
 - c. 2.82 L
 - d. 3.23 L
 - e. 5.80 L
- 3. A sample of oxygen gas has a volume of 4.50 L at 27°C and 800.0 torr. How many oxygen molecules does it contain?
 - a. 1.16×10^{22}
 - b. 1.16×10^{23}
 - c. 2.32×10^{24}
 - d. 5.8×10^{22}
 - e. none of these
- 4. Which one of the following statements is false?
 - a. If q_p for a process is negative, the process is exothermic.
 - b. A bomb calorimeter measures ΔH directly.
 - c. The change in enthalpy, ΔH , for a process is equal to the amount of heat absorbed at constant pressure, q_p .
 - d. The freezing of water is an example of an exothermic reaction.
 - e. The change in internal energy, ΔE , for a process is equal to the amount of heat absorbed at constant volume, q_{ν} .

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科目:<u>普通化學(分「普通化學(A)」及「普通化學(B)」兩部份計分,各佔100分</u>(共4頁,第2頁) 「如可使用計算機(僅限於四則運算、三角函數及對數等基本功能,可程式之功能不可使用)

□不可使用計算機

·(不可直接作答於試題·請作答於答案卷)-----

- 5. Which of the following statements is true for a monatomic ideal gas?
 - a. $C_v \le C_p$
 - b. $C_v > C_p$
 - c. $C_v = C_p + R$
 - $C_p = \frac{3}{2}R$
 - e. C_v is temperature dependent
 - f. B and C
 - g. A, D, and E
- 6. Consider the process $A(l) \rightarrow A(s)$. An increase in temperature favors which direction?
 - a. to the right
 - b. to the left
 - c. More information is needed.
 - d. neither
- 7. Use the following initial rate data for the reaction in aqueous solution to determine the rate law.

	2	•	$\Delta[Br_2]$
$[\mathrm{CH_3COCH_3}]_0 (M)$	$[Br_2]_0(M)$	$[H^{\dagger}]_0 (M)$	$\frac{1}{\Delta t}(M/s)$
1.00	1.00	1.00	4.0×10^{-3}
2.00	1.00	1.00	8.0×10^{-3}
2.00	2.00	1.00	8.0×10^{-3}
1.00	2.00	2.00	8.0×10^{-3}

- a. Rate = $k[CH_3COCH_3][H^+]$
- b. Rate = $k[CH_3COCH_3][Br_2][H^+]$
- c. Rate = $k[Br_2][H^+]$
- d. Rate = $k[CH_3COCH_3][Br_2][H^+]^2$
- e. Rate = $k[CH_3COCH_3][Br_2]$

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科目:<u>普通化學(分「普通化學(A)」及「普通化學(B)」兩部份計分,各佔100分</u>(共4頁,第3頁) V可使用計算機(僅限於四則運算、三角函數及對數等基本功能,可程式之功能不可使用) 「不可使用計算機

-----(不可直接作答於試題·請作答於答案卷)-

8. The reaction

 $3NO \rightarrow N_2O + NO_2$

is found to obey the rate law Rate = $k[NO]^2$. If the first half-life of the reaction is found to be 3.5 s, what is the length of the fourth half-life?

- a. 21 s
- b. 6.6 s
- c. 53 s
- d. 14 s
- e. 56 s
- 9. Which of the following compounds has the lowest boiling point?
 - a. CH₄
 - b. C_2H_6
 - c. C₅H₁₂
 - d. C₃H₈
 - e. C₄H₁₀
- 10. In which of the following processes is energy evolved as heat?
 - a. vaporization
 - b. crystallization
 - c. melting
 - d. sublimation
 - e. none of these
- 二、普通化學(B),計算題 (5 題,每題 20 分,共 100 分)
- 1. Adipic acid contains 49.32% C, 43 84% O, and 6.85% H by mass. What is the empirical formula?
- 2. The concentration of a 228.0-mL sample of a calcium chloride solution is 0.490 M. What is the mass of the solute?
- 3. Air is 79% N_2 and 21% O_2 by volume. Calculate the density of air at 1.0 atm, 25°C

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科目: 普通化學(分「普通化學(A)」及「普通化學(B)」兩部份計分,各佔100分) (共4頁,第4頁) ☑可使用計算機(僅限於四則運算、三角函數及對數等基本功能,可程式之功能不可使用)

]不可使用計算機

化學系

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4. For the reaction $2NCl_3(g) \longrightarrow N_2(g) + 3Cl_2(g)$, the equilibrium pressures are

 $P(NCl_3) = 0.136 atm$

 $P(N_2) = 2.32 \text{ atm}$

 $P(Cl_2) = 0.0580$ atm

Determine K_p for this reaction.

5. The balanced equation for the reaction of bromate ion with bromide in acidic solution is

 $BrO + 5Br^{-} + 6H^{+} \rightarrow 3Br_{2} + 3H_{2}O$

At a particular instant in time, the value of $-\Delta [Br^-]/\Delta t$ is 2.0×10^{-3} mol/L • s. What is the value of $\Delta [Br_2]/\Delta t$ in the same units?