

國立臺灣師範大學 100 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

科目：語言學概論（英語教學組）

適用系所：英語學系

注意：1.本試題共1頁，請依序在答案卷上作答，並標明題號，不必抄題。2.答案必須寫在指定作答區內，否則不予計分。

1. Define each of the following terms with an example. (40 points)
 - a. natural class
 - b. recursive rule
 - c. adjunction
 - d. derivational morpheme
 - e. agrammatism
 - f. argot
 - g. Great Vowel Shift
 - h. spoonerism
2. In what respect(s) are implicatures and entailments similar and different? Illustrate your answer with concrete examples. (15 points)
3. It is well-known that the sound inventory of Mandarin Chinese is quite different from that of English. Given that, please find two sounds (vowels or consonants) that are attested in English but not in Chinese. Moreover, based on the two sounds, give concrete examples which Chinese L2 learners of English often pronounce incorrectly and provide some possible reason(s) for the emergence of such errors. (15 points)
4. Provide three arguments for the existence of Universal Grammar in second language acquisition. (15 points)
5. Explain the following statement with proper English examples and discuss the possible forces triggering semantic change. (15 points)

“Semantic change is not a change in meaning per se, but the addition of a meaning to the semantic system or the loss of a meaning from the system while the form remains constant.” (Wilkins, 1996)