科目:資料結構與演算法

適用: 資工系

老生注意

1.依次序作答,只要標明題號,不必抄題。

共 / 頁 第 / 頁

本試題

編號:341

2.答案必須寫在答案卷上,否則不予計分。
3.限用藍、黑色筆作答;試題須隨卷繳回。

1. The sequence F(n) of Fibonacci numbers is defined by the recurrence relation

$$F(n) = F(n-1) + F(n-2),$$

with seed values

$$F(0) = 1$$
, and $F(1)=1$.

- a. If using the recursion method to calculate the value of F(11), how many times of additive operations will be performed? Explain your answer briefly. (15%)
- b. If using the dynamic programming method to calculate the value of F(11), how many times of additive operations will be performed? Explain your answer briefly. (15%)
- 2. Give a comparison between the Radix Exchange Sort and the Straight Radix Sort. (20%)
- 3. For the following key sequence,

"ADIAMONDISFOREVER",

- a · create a 2-3-4 tree. Explain your answer in detail. (10%)
- b · draw a red-black tree to represent your 2-3-4 tree in the previous question. (10%)
- c · explain the structural properties of the red-black trees. (10%)
- 4. Consider the following function F written in a C-like pseudo-code:

F (triangle t, int depth) {

Subdivides t into four smaller congruent sub-triangles; Remove the central sub-triangle and fill it with a color;

depth++;

if (depth <= 2)

{

For each of the remaining sub-triangles, call:

F (sub-triangle, depth);

}

Given a triangle T, show the result of executing: F (T, 0). (20%)

