國立中山大學 107 學年度碩士暨碩士專班招生考試試題

科目名稱:物理化學【材光系碩士班甲組】

題號: 439005

※本科目依簡章規定「可以」使用計算機 (廠牌、功能不拘) (問答申論題)

共1頁第1頁

- 1. The density of a noble gas was found to be 1.23 g/L at 330 K and 25.5 kPa. What is the molar mass of the compound? (20%)
- 2. Given the van der Waals constants for ethane gas as $a = 5.0 \text{ L}^2 \text{ bar/mol}^2$, b = 0.07 L/mol, for 20.0 mol of ethane at 300 K and under 30 bar
 - (a) Find the second virial coefficient B at this temperature.
 - (b) Calculate the compressibility factor Z from the first two terms.
 - (c) Estimate the approximate molar volume from Z.
 - (d) What is its Boyle temperature T_B ?

(20%)

3. When 2 mole of water supercooled to -10 °C freezes isothermally, what are the entropy change of the system and surroundings? Give the molar enthalpy of the melting of ice at 0 °C is 6025 J/mol, the molar heat capacities of ice and water are 37.3 and 75.3 J/mol.K, respectively.

(20%)

- 4. The vapor pressure of methyl bromide is 13.0 torr at -70 °C and 117 torr at -36.7 °C. Evaluate
 - (1) the molar enthalpy of vaporization of methyl bromide
 - (2) the vapor pressure of methyl bromide at -40 °C.

(20%)

5. On the basis of the following proposed mechanism, calculate the rate law for the methane, where the mechanism was summarized as follows:

(20%)

$$CH_3CHO \xrightarrow{k_{obs}} CH_4(g) + CO(g)$$

A proposed mechanism is

$$CH_3CHO \rightarrow CH_3 + CHO$$
 (k₁)

$$CH_3 + CH_3CHO \rightarrow CH_4 + CH_3CO$$
 (k₂)

$$CH_3CO \rightarrow CH_3 + CO$$
 (k₃)

$$2CH_3 \rightarrow C_2H_6 \tag{k_4}$$