世新大學 100 學年度碩士班招生考試試題卷

第 1 頁共計 <u>ラ</u>頁 試 科 目

系所組別	考試科目
行政管理學系	英文
※本考題 □可使用 □禁止使用 簡易型電	子計算機
※考生請於答案卷內作答	
一、單選題(每題 2 分, 20%))
1. Quasi-executive powers are exerc	sised by those agencies that do not logically fall
into any of the three regular	
(A) departments (B) branches	(C) powers (D) rights
the participation of organizational (A) Total Quality Management	ganizational goals and objectives are set through members in terms of results expected. (B) Performance Management (D) Planning, Programming, Budgeting System
safeguards the people's rights from	neir conduct toward individuals because the n arbitrary interference. (C) rule making (D) rule of thumb
4. Legislative oversight is the proceand process of policy implementat(A) monitors (B) evaluates (C)	
5. Delegations of authority usually appointed executive official to a sum (A) transforming (B) transaction	
6. Just like a regular FTA, the ECFA three main parts. (A) by (B) among (C) into	A between Taiwan and China can be divided (D) to
•	s that managers make the right promises, gather ild trust through communication. C) incredible (D) spurious
8. While the federal budget is perm budgets do not possess this luxury (A) dividend (B) deficit (C) b	

特役员

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•	the post income as compared with pre ervants, military personnel and teachers. (C) recession (D) assumption
10. Performance is an evaluation progress measured in terms of job (A) management (B) budgeting	
二、英翻中(每題 2 分,20%) 1. Affirmative action 2. Blacksburg Manifesto 3. Force-field analysis 4. Hearing	
5. Participatory policy analysis6. Public-private partnership7. Pyramid organization8. Representative bureaucracy	
 Sunshine Act Zero-base budgeting 	
三、中翻英(每題3分,30%)	
1. 行政國	
 2. 行政裁量權 3. 官僚病象 	
4. 平等就業機會法	
 5. 績效薪資制度 6. 跨域治理 	
7. 官樣文章	
8. 政治/行政二分	
9. 有限理性	
10.鄰避效應	

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四、翻譯題(30%)

- 1. Public policy allows government to assume a parent's role in citizens' lives. It provides opportunities; it guards one's physical well-being and safety; it provides financial security; and it maintains the security of one's homeland. (10 分)
- 2. Public choice economics argues that under the current administrative system public agencies are institutionally incapable of representing the demands of individual citizens. Since the citizens is a consumer of government goods and services, administrative responsiveness to individual citizen demands would be increased by creating a market system for governmental activities based on microeconomic theory. In this market system the citizen-consumer would be given a choice, as in free-enterprise economics, between competing services. (20 分)