

科目：電子學一(元件)

適用：電機系

編號：351

考生注意：

1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。
2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分。
3. 限用藍、黑色筆作答；試題須隨卷繳回。

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1. Please define the following terms.

- (a) Depletion region (空乏區) of a diode (二極體) (5 points)
- (b) Drift current (飄移電流) (5 points)
- (c) Diffusion current (擴散電流) (5 points)
- (d) N-type doping (N-型摻質) (5 points)
- (e) P-type doping (P-型摻質) (5 points)
- (f) Electron (電子) (5 points)
- (g) Hole (電洞) (5 points)
- (h) FET (場效電晶體) (5 points)
- (i) BJT (雙載子電晶體) (5 points)
- (j) CMOS Technology (互補式金氧半技術) (5 points)

2. The drain-source current (I_{DS}) of an NMOS FET at small drain-source voltage

$$(V_{DS}) \text{ is equal to } I_{DS} = \frac{1}{2} \mu_n C_{ox} \frac{W}{L} [2(V_{GS} - V_{TH})V_{DS} - V_{DS}^2].$$

At small V_{DS} , the transistor can be viewed as a resistor (R_{on}), with the resistance depending on the

gate-source voltage (V_{GS}). Prove R_{on} is equal to $R_{on} = \frac{1}{\mu_n C_{ox} \frac{W}{L} (V_{GS} - V_{TH})}$

(20 points)

3. Fig. 1 shows the small-signal model including channel-length modulation of an NMOS FET operated in the saturation region. Prove the output resistance r_o and transconductance g_m can be represented as follows:

$$(a) r_o \approx \frac{1}{\lambda J_D} \quad (15 \text{ points})$$

$$(b) g_m = \mu_n C_{ox} \frac{W}{L} (V_{GS} - V_{TH}) \quad (15 \text{ points})$$

