

考試科目

線性代數
8112, 81162

系所別

應用數學系

考試時間

2 月 19 日(日) 第二節

Please show all your work.

- (15%) Let $A = [a_{i,j}]$ be a symmetric tridiagonal matrix (i.e. A is symmetric and $a_{i,j} = 0$ whenever $1 < |i-j|$). Let $M_{i,j}$ denote the matrix obtained from A by deleting the row and column containing $a_{i,j}$ and let B be the matrix obtained from A by deleting the first two rows and columns. Show that

$$\det(A) = a_{1,1} \det(M_{1,1}) - a_{1,2}^2 \det(B).$$
- (15%) Let $P_2(R)$ denote the space of all polynomials with coefficients in R having degree less than or equal to 2. Let $T: P_2(R) \rightarrow P_2(R)$ be defined by $T(f(x)) = f(x) + f'(x) + f''(x)$, where $f'(x)$ and $f''(x)$ denote the first and second derivatives of $f(x)$. Either show that T is not invertible or find its inverse.
- (15%) A matrix A is said to be idempotent if $A = A^2$. Show that $I + A$ is nonsingular if A is idempotent.
- (15%) Let $S = \{(1, 0, 1), (0, 1, 1), (1, 3, 3)\}$ be a subset of the inner product space R^3 over the field R . Apply the Gram-Schmidt process to obtain an orthonormal basis β for $\text{span}(S)$.
- (20%) Let x, y be nonzero column vectors in R^n with $n \geq 2$ and let $A = xy^T$. Show that (a) $\lambda_1 = 0$ is an eigenvalue of A with $n-1$ linearly independent eigenvectors and (b) A is diagonalizable if $x^T y \neq 0$.
- (20%) Let T be a linear operator on a vector space V , and suppose that V is a T -cyclic subspace of itself. Prove that if U is a linear operator on V , then $UT = TU$ if and only if $U = g(T)$ for some polynomial $g(t)$.

備

註

- 一、作答於試題上者，不予計分。
- 二、試題請隨卷繳交。