

國立中山大學 106 學年度碩士暨碩士專班招生考試試題

科目名稱：工程數學【光電所碩士班】

題號：435001

※本科目依簡章規定「可以」使用計算機（廠牌、功能不拘）（選擇題）共 1 頁第 1 頁  
單選題，答錯不扣分，每題 10 分，共十題。

$$1. A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, A^{42} = ?$$

$$(A) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} (B) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} (C) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} (D) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} (E) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. The inverse Laplace transform of the function  $\frac{3s-137}{s^2+2s+401}$  is  $e^{At}(3\cos Bt - 7\sin Bt)$ , where  
(A) A=-1, B=-20, (B) A=-1, B=20, (C) A=1, B=-20, (D) A=1, B=20, (E) A=2, B=30.
3. A general solution for the equation  $y'''-6y''+11y'-6y=3x$  is  $ae^x + be^{2x} + ce^{4x} + \frac{x}{B} - \frac{11}{12}$ ,  
where (A) A=3, B=2, (B) A=3, B=-2, (C) A=3, B=3, (D) A=3, B=-2, (E) none of the above.
4. Evaluate the volume of the tetrahedron defined by four vertices (1,0,-1), (3,0,2), (1,6,1),  
(4,3,-1).  
(A) 66, (B) 33, (C) 22, (D) 11, (E) none of the above.
5. The Fourier transform of the function  $f(x) = xe^{-x^2}$  does not include  
(A) 2, (B) 4, (C) 6, (D)  $\omega$ , (E)  $\omega^2$ .
6. Find the smallest positive integers m and n such that  $(\sqrt{3} + i)^m = (1 + i)^n$ , where  
(A) m=3, n=6, (B) m=6, n=12, (C) m=9, n=18, (D) m=12, n=24, (E) none of the above.
7. Integrate  $\oint_C \frac{\tan z}{z^2 - 1} dz$  counterclockwise around the C:  $|z| = \frac{3}{2}$ . The integral is  
(A)  $2\pi$ , (B)  $2\pi i$ , (C)  $2\pi \tan 1$ , (D)  $2\pi i \tan 1$ , (E) none of the above.
8. Find  $\oint_C (x^2 + 2y)dx + (4x + y^2)dy$  where C is the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ .  
(A)  $2\pi$ , (B)  $-2\pi$ , (C)  $6\pi$ , (D)  $-6\pi$ , (E) none of the above.
9. The residue of the complex function  $f(z) = (z+2)e^{\frac{1}{z}}$  at  $z=0$  is  
(A)  $1/2$ , (B)  $1$ , (C)  $3/2$ , (D)  $2$ , (E)  $5/2$ .
10. Find the analytic function  $f(z) = u(x, y) + i.v(x, y)$ , where  $v(x, y) = e^{-3x} \sin 3y$   
(A)  $-e^{-3z}$ , (B)  $e^{-3z}$ , (C)  $-e^{3z}$ , (D)  $e^{3z}$ , (E) none of the above.