## 國立聯合大學一百年學年度碩士班考試招生 光電工程學系碩士班 入學考試試題 科目: 電磁學 第\_1\_頁共\_2\_頁

- \*\*  $\mathbf{a}_x$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_y$  are the unit vector in x and y direction respectively.
- 1. Please describe the definition of plane wave polarization. What are the conditions for linear, elliptical and circular polarizations? What is the handedness for polarization? (10%)
- 2. A propagating electric field is given by

$$E(z,t) = 100e^{-0.01z}\cos(\pi \times 10^7 t + \pi z - \frac{\pi}{4})V/m$$

- (a) Determine the attenuation constant, the wave frequency, the wavelength, the propagation velocity, and the phase shift.
- (b) How far must the wave travel before its amplitude is reduced to 1.0 V/m? (10%)
- 3. A 10.0-MHz magnetic field travels in a fluid for which the propagation velocity is  $1.0 \times 10^8$  m/s. Initially, we have  $\mathbf{H}(0,0) = 2.0 \, \mathbf{a}_{\rm x} \, \text{A/m}$ . The amplitude drops to 1.0 A/m after the wave travels 5.0 m in the y direction. Find the general expression for this wave. (10%)
- 4. Given  $\mathbf{E}(y, t) = 10.0\cos(\omega t \beta z)\mathbf{a}_x 20.0\cos(\omega t \beta z 45^\circ)\mathbf{a}_y \text{ V/m}$ . Find the polarization and handedness. (10%)
- 5. Suppose, in a nonmagnetic medium of relative permittivity 3, that  $\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{y}, t) = 4.0\sin(\pi \times 10^7 t \beta \mathbf{y})\mathbf{a}_{\mathbf{x}} + 9.0\cos(\pi \times 10^7 t \beta \mathbf{y})\mathbf{a}_{\mathbf{z}} \text{ V/m}$  Determine  $\beta$  and  $\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{y}, t)$ . (10%)

科 目: 電磁學

第 2 頁共 2 頁

6. Figure 1, a cylindrical capacitor consists of an inner conductor of radius a and an outer conductor whose inner radius is b. The space between the conductors is filled with a dielectric of permittivity  $\varepsilon$ , and the length of the capacitor is L. Determine the capacitance of this capacitor. (15%)

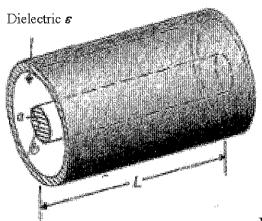


Figure 1

- 7. Please explain clearly about the Gauss' law. (8%)
- 8. In figure 2, two particles of charges  $q_1$  and  $q_2$  are separated by distance d. The net electric field due to the particles is zero at x = d/4. With V = 0 at infinity, locate (in terms of d) any point on the x axis (other than at infinity) at which the electric potential due to the two particles is zero. (12%)

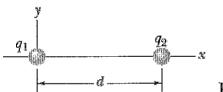


Figure 2

9. In Fig. 3, current i=56.2 mA is set up in a loop having two radial lengths and two semicircles of radii a=5.72 cm and b=9.36 cm with a common center P. What are the (a) magnitude and (b) direction (into or out of the page) of the magnetic field at P and the (c) magnitude and (d) direction of the loop's magnetic dipole moment? (15%)

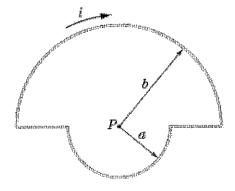


Figure 3