# 國立中山大學100學年度碩士班招生考試試題

## 科目:工程數學【機電系碩士班】

### I. (35%)

- 1. (25%) Solve the given differential equation by means of a power series about the given point  $x_0$ .
  - (a) Find the recurrence relation; (5%)
  - (b) Find the first four terms in each of two linearly independent solutions (unless the series terminates sooner). (10%)
  - (c) Find the general term in each solution. (10%)

$$y'' + y = 0, \quad x_0 = 0$$

2. 
$$(10\%)$$
  $y''' - 3y'' + 2y' = t + e^t$ ,  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = -\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $y''(0) = -\frac{3}{2}$ 

- (a) Find the solution of the given initial value problem. (5%)
- (b) Then draw a graph of the solution. (5%)

#### II. (30%)

- 1. (10%) In a certain state, 25% of all cars emit excessive amount of pollutants. If the probability is 0.99 that a car emitting excessive amount of pollutants will fail the state's vehicular emission test, and the probability is 0.17 that a car not emitting excessive amount of pollutants will nevertheless fail the test, what is the probability that a car which fails the test actually emits excessive amount of pollutants?
- 2. (10%) One baseball team won only 41% of their games in the 2010 season. Assuming that this team has a 41% chance of winning each game next season, what is the probability that this team can win exactly 15 games in the first 20 games of the 2011 season?
- 3. (10%) Please find (*AB*)<sup>-1</sup> for

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad B^{-1} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

#### III. (35%)

- 1. (20%) Calculate the line integral  $\oint_{\mathcal{C}} \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{r}' ds$  clockwise as seen by a person standing at the origin, where  $\mathbf{F} = \begin{bmatrix} -3y, 3x, z \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{r}'$ : the tangent vector,  $\bullet$ : inner product operation, ds: line increment, C: the circle of  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ , z = 1.
- 2. (15%)
  - (a) Find the Fourier series of f(x), where f(x) = -k if -1 < x < 0 and f(x) = k if 0 < x < 1 with period p=2. (10%)
  - (b) Find the sum of  $1 \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{1}{7} + \dots$  (5%)