逢甲大學104學年度碩士班考試入學試題

編號:041 科目代碼:318 適 100 科 用 外國語文學系英語文 時 英文寫作 分 目 系 研究碩士班 間 鐘 所 ※請務必在答案卷作答區內作答。 共 4 頁第 / 頁 Complete the following paragraphs by choosing the right word(s) to I. Cloze Test: fill in each blank. Write down your answers on the answer sheets. 40% According to the National Institute on Drug Abuse, thirty million Americans—one out (A) of eight people—suffer ____ 1 ___ a drug or alcohol dependency. The development of an addition typically unfolds in four stages. First, some stimulus—drugs, alcohol, sex, chocolate—holds out the promise of short-lived pleasure or excitement. Next, a person discovers that induldging in one of these activities temporarily 2 some psychological need, making him or her feel good, if only for a short time. Third, certain recurring situations start to ___3 __ the addictive behavior, and the pattern repeats itself. ___4__, the habit takes control, and the individual loses self-control. Often, by this stage a physical dependency will have been added to a psychological one, ____5__ the addictive behavior pattern even more difficult to break. 1. A. in B. at C. of D. from 2. A. satisfy B. satisfies C. satisfying D. to satisfy 3. A. terminate B. trigger C. respond D. balance 4. A. Finally C. Fortunately B. However D. Likewise 5. A. make B. makes C.making D. made It is against the law for competing companies to agree ____6__ set prices, rather than price their products or services competively. Yet corporate executives ____7__ of price fixing often argue that their unlawful price-fixing schemes are far from being criminal. They claim they have really served a worthwhile purpose for the nation's economy by "stabilizing prices." They congratulate themselves for having effectively helped their companies by "recovering costs." ___ 8 __ kind of white-collar criminal, company

embezzlers, tend to define their stealing as only "borrowing," insisting that they truly

	intended to pay the money back. White-collar employees who steal supplies from their								
	companies feel that they are not actually stealing because the companies can make up the								
	losses by using them as tax deductions and9 customers higher prices. Finally, tax								
	return cheaters tend to see themselves as victims, rathe than10 They argue the								
	they were just unlucky enough to get caught for doing something that can hardly be regarded as wrong "because everybody does it."								
	6. A. with	B. for	C. on	D. at					
	7. A. convict	B. convicting	C. convicted	D. to convict					
	8. A. The opposite	B. Another	C. The final	D. The other					
	9. A. charging	B. charged	C. charges	D. to charge					
	10. A. attackers	B. challengers	C. pursuitors	D. offenders					
(C) The members of a living	ng community exist	together in a particu	lar, balanced relationship,					
	or ecosystem. One anima	al species eats anothe	er animal species,	11 in turn eats another.					
				mals in a community, and					
	it remains <u>12</u> . It is	like a huge puzzle v	with all of the pieces	in their proper places.					
	13, at times this balan	nce in nature is distu	rbed, resulting in a r	number of pollibly					
	inexpected effects. Perhaps a disease results in the near extinction of one species, leaving								
	another species with no r	natural predator. The	result can be a terri	fic increase in that species'					
				d food supply, which could					
				on in the balance of nature					
				er, human beings intervene					
	in a natural environment, perhaps only slightly and with good intentions. The result is the								
	same. The balance of nature becomes unbalanced and results in an entire chain reaction								
	of 15 effects.								
	11. A. it	B. they	C. which	D. that					
	12. A. stable	B. stably	C. stability	D. stabilize					
	13. A. Therefore	B. However	C. Similarly	D. Consequently					
	14. A. to	B. of	C. with	D. for					
	15. A. unforesee	B. unforseeing	C. unforseen	D. unforsees					

(D)	While management st	yles vary, there are c	ertain factors that _	<u>16</u> t	he good			
	administrator from the poor one. A good manager anticipates problems and prepares for							
	them, but a poor manager is often taken by surprise. The effective administrator makes							
	changes 17 repeated problems; the less effective boss deals with one crisis at a time,							
	never seeing patterns of p	problems. In addition	ı, a good boss delega	ates work	to others, <u>18</u>			
	the poor one prefers to ta	ke on one extra task	after another instead	d of trainii	ng employees to			
	do the work right. The effective administrator is alsoto adapt to changing							
	situations. 20, the poor one often clings to the old rules whether or not they apply.							
	16. A. separate	B. separates	C. separated	D. to sep	arate			
	17. A. eliminate	B. eliminating	C. eliminated	D. to elin	ninate			
	18. A. however	B. whereas	C. therefore	D. so				
	19. A. so flexible	B. too flexible	C. flexible enough	D. enoug	h flexible			
	20. A. In contrast	B. While	C. In addition	D. Thus				
II. (Grammar: Choose the m	ost appropriate ve	rb tenses. 10%					
21	: As soon as Martina saw	the fire, shet	he fire department.					
	A. was telephoningB. to	20 21 02	C. had telephoned	D. h	as telephoned			
22	. Since I left Canada six	years ago, I to	visit friends and far					
	A. return				D. have returned			
23	. Yesterday while I was a	ttending a sales mee	ting, Matthew	on the co	ompany's annual			
	report.							
	A. was working	B. had been working	g C. has worked		D. works			
24	24. By the time the young birds leave the nest for good, they how to fly.							
	A. learn	B. will have learned	C. are learning		D. will learn			
25	. After Nance for t	wenty minutes, she l	pegan to feel tired.					
		B. had been jogging			10 V/0 0.1-0.00 (may)			
26	. Ever since Maurice	, he has been sittir	ng quietly in the corr	ner. Is som	ething wrong?			
		B. has arrived			D. arrives			
27.	27. By the end of the 21 st century, scientists the cure for the common cold.							
		B. had discovered						
28.	There more than	forty presidents of the	e United States sinc	e it becam	ie a country			

	A. have	B. have been	C. are	D. had been			
29.	29. Many scientists believe there a major earthquake in California in the next few years.						
	A. is	B. will be	C. will have	D. has			
30. Someone on the door just as we were sitting down to eat.							
	A. knocked	B. had knocked	C. was knocking	D. has knocked			

III. Summary Writing: Read the following passage and summarize it in about 80 words. (20%)

When people think of insects they often recall being bitten or stung or having their food ruined. Their thoughts turn to images of maggots, mosquitoes, wasps, weevils and cockroaches. In fact, many regard insects as humankind's worst enemy. This is an unfortunate and rather narrow-minded view. Insects, in general, are as valuable as any other creatures on the planet. Since ancient times, the Chinese have used silkworms to produce silk, which is still an important fabric in today's world of fashion.

Another useful insect is the honeybee. It produces not only honey but also beeswax, which is used to make polishes and other products. Bees also play a vital role in pollinating many kinds of plants. One more example of our insect friends is the ladybird--a tiny beetle that helps keep down and control those insects that would otherwise devastate many of our food crops.

Our lives would be made difficult, if not impossible, if we had no insects. Just imagine for a moment what it would be like if plants were not pollinated. Where would most of our food come from? What would happen to all the refuse in the world if maggots and other insects did not eat it? How would insect-eating birds and animals survive without their food source?

It is about time insects were awarded the respect they deserve. They are, after all, the six-legged friends we just have to have.

IV. Essay Writing (30%)

Some people spend their entire lives in one place. Others move a number of times throughout their lives, looking for a better job, house, community, or even climate. Which do you prefer: staying in one place or moving in search of another place? Include the following three parts in your essay writing: (1) an introduction that contains a clear thesis statement, (2) body paragraphs that develop and support your thesis with reasons, facts, and /or examples, and (3) a conclusion that summarizes your main points.