國立中山大學 104 學年度碩士暨碩士專班招生考試試題

科目名稱:普通化學【醫科所碩士班選考】

題號: 428004

※本科目依簡章規定「可以」使用計算機(廠牌、功能不拘)(混合題)

共3頁第1頁

- 一、問答與計算題 (請將答案卷中標示題號並依序作答)
- 1. Define "the second law of thermodynamics", " collision model". (6 %)
- An inverse concentration dependence on one of the species taking part in the reaction. Explain the meaning of it. (4 %)
- 3. A 1.00L solution was made from dissolving 20g of NaCl in enough water. Assume that the density of the solution is 1.00 g/cm³. Please calculate the molality, molarity and mole fraction of NaCl of this solution. Suppose sodium chloride dissociates completely in aqueous solution, please calculate the boiling point and freezing point of this solution. (K_b = 0.51°C Kg/mol; K_f = 1.86 Kg/mol for water, NaCl: 58.44 g/mol; H₂O = 18.0 g/mol) (10%)
- 4. The best laboratory vacuum system can pump down to as few as 1.0×10⁹ molecules per cubic meter of gas. Calculate the corresponding pressure, in atmospheres, assuming a temperature of 0℃. (10%)
- 5. Answer the following questions about the Lewis Acid boron trifluoride.
 - (1) Draw the Lewis Structure of boron trifluoride. (3 %)
 - (2) Draw a VSEPR diagram of boron trifluoride. Label the bond angles. (3 %)
 - (3) Is this molecule polar? Draw all bond dipoles and explain. (4 %)
- 二、請將選擇題之最適答案作答於答案卡上(單選題,每題3分,共20題)
- 1. Which one of the following statements about transition metal species is incorrect?
 - (A) TiCl₄ is an ionic compound
 - (B) MnO is a basic oxide
 - (C) CrO₃ is an acidic oxide
 - (D) ZnCl₄²- is colorless
- The average mass of a boron atom is 10.81. If you were able to isolate a single boron atom, what is the chance that you would randomly get an atom with mass 10.81?

 (A) 0% (B) 0.81% (C) about 11% (D)10.81%
- The compound 2-germaacetic (GeH₃COOH) is an unstable weak acid. At 25°C, a 0.050 M solution of 2-germaacetic acid has a pH of 2.42. Determine the k_a of 2-germaacetic acid.
 (A) 3.12×10⁻⁴ (B) 0.076 (C)2.42 (D) 0.38
- 4. Which one of the following statements is incorrect?
 - (A) IE₁: P>AI>Na
 - (B) EN: CI>Se>Br
 - (C) Atomic size: Si>P>N
 - (D) Number of valence electrons: S>Sb>Cs
- 5. The reaction, 2A+B→C, has the following proposed mechanism:
 - Step 1: A+B→D (fast equilibrium)
 - Step 2: D+B→E
 - Step 3: E+A→C+B
 - If step 2 is the rate-determining step, then the rate of formation of C should equal: (A) k[A] (B) $k[A]^2[B]$ (C) $k[A]^2[B]^2$ (D) $k[A][B]^2$
- 6. Which of the following species can function as an enzyme in organisms?
 (A) DNA (B) protein (C) cellulose (D) fatty acids

國立中山大學 104 學年度碩士暨碩士專班招生考試試題

	•	<u>-</u>
	目名稱:普通化學【醫科所碩士班選考】 ※本科目依簡章規定「可以」使用計算機(廠牌、功能不拘)(混合題)	題號: 428004 共3頁第2頁
7.	The indicator cresol red has $K_a = 5.0 \times 10^{-9}$. Over what proximate pH r color? (A) 7.3 — 9.3 (B) 4.3 — 6.3 (C) 8.3 — 10.3 (D) 6.3 — 8.3	ange does it chang
8.	Calculate the wavelength, in nanometers, of an x-ray that has freque (A) 5.83 nm (B) 17.2 nm (C) 583 nm (D) 0.172 nm	ncy of 5.15×10 ¹⁶ s ⁻¹
9.	The best explanation for the fact that oxygen forms only OF ₂ with fluorin SF ₂ , SF ₄ and SF ₆ , is that (A) oxygen is more electronegative than sulfur. (B) sulfur is less electronegative than oxygen. (C) oxygen is smaller than sulfur. (D) sulfur has d orbitals available for bonding.	ne, while sulfur form
10	0.A stock bottle of nitric acid indicates that the solution is 67.0% HNO $_3$ density of 1.40 g/mL. Calculate the molarity of the solution. (H=1.00, N= (A) 22.2 (B) 14.9 (C)10.6 (D) 0.0148	by mass and has a 14.0, O=16.0)
11	.If the half life of a reaction with respect to a reactant concentration is reaction order of the reactant? (A) First order (B) Second order (C) 7 order.	0.693/ <i>k</i> , what is the Third order (D) Zero
12	A carbon that has four different groups attached to it is a carbon? (A) chimerical (B) typical (C)phospholipids (D) chiral	
13	If an endothermic reaction is spontaneous at 298 K, which of the follow the reaction? I. ΔG is greater than zero. II. ΔH is greater than zero. III. ΔS is greater than zero. (A) I only (B) II only (C) I and II only (D) II and III only	ring must be true fo
14.	. Compound X_2Y is 60% X by mass. Calculate the percent Y by mass of t (A) 20% (B) 30% (C) 40% (D)60%	the compound X_2Y_2 .
15.	.Calculate ΔG for the isothermal compression of 1 mol of an ideal monature atm to 5.6 atm at 23 $^{\circ}$ C. (A) 3.4×10 3 J (B) 1.6×10 3 J (C) -3.4×10 3 J (D) -1.6×10 3 J	atomic gas from 1.4
16.	.How many electrons in an atom can have the quantum numbers n=3, I=1 (A) 10 (B) 2 (C)6 (D) 18	?
	Please order the Ka values for a series of oxyacids: HOCl, HOBr, HOI, H (A) HOI>HOBr>HOCl>HOCH ₃ (B) HOCH ₃ >HOI>HOBr>HOCl (C) HOCH ₃ >HOCl>HOBr>HOI (D) HOCl>HOBr>HOIOH ₃	OCH₃.
18.	The percent dissociation in a 0.10 M aqueous solution of monoprotic a calculate the value of K_a for this acid. (A) 1.23×10 $^{-4}$ (B) 2.5×10 $^{-3}$ (C) 6.4 (D) 7.4×10 $^{-6}$	cid is 2.5%. Please ×10 ^{- 5}

國立中山大學 104 學年度碩士暨碩士專班招生考試試題

科目名稱:普通化學【醫科所碩士班選考】

題號:428004

※本科目依簡章規定「可以」使用計算機(廠牌、功能不拘)(混合題)

共3頁第3頁

19. Which of the following is state function?	
(A) work (B) heat (C) enthalpy (D) none	of these

20. The half-life of a radioactive nuclide is 14 hours. Without doing calculations, how long would it take for a sample to decay to 12% of its present activity? (A) 3 hours (B) 14 hours (C) 28 hours (D) 42 hours