

1. A rectangular block has dimensions $1 \times 1 \times 10$ cm. (a) What is the resistance of the block measured between the two square ends? (b) What is the resistance between two opposing rectangular faces? The conductivity of the block is 10^7 S/m. (10%)
2. (a) State Snell's law of refraction. (b) When does critical angle exist at an interface of two nonmagnetic media? (10%)
3. A straight, horizontal stretch of metal wire carries a current $i = 25$ A. What are the magnitude and direction of the magnetic field needed to "float" the wire, that is, to balance its weight? Its linear density is 50 g/m. (10%)
4. A parallel-plate capacitor of area S and separation d is charge to a voltage V . The permittivity of the dielectric is ϵ . Find the stored electrostatic energy. (10%)
5. Three charges $(+2q, -4q, +2q)$ are arranged along the z -axis at $z = d/2, z = 0,$ and $z = -d/2,$ respectively. Determine V and \mathbf{E} at a distant point $P(R, \theta, \phi)$. (10%)
6. Write Maxwell's equations in (a) point form and (b) integral form (c) explain the significance of each equation. (10%)
7. If the electric field intensity in space is given as $\vec{E} = E_0 \cos\theta \hat{a}_r - E_0 \sin\theta \hat{a}_\theta,$ find (a) $\nabla \cdot \vec{E}$ (b) $\nabla \times \vec{E}$ (10%)
8. A uniform plane wave in free space is propagating in the $-\hat{a}_y$ direction at a frequency of 10 MHz. If $\vec{E} = 400 \cos\omega t \hat{a}_z$ V/m at $y=0,$ write expressions for: (a) $\vec{E}(x, y, z, t)$ (b) $\vec{H}(x, y, z, t)$ (10%)
9. Answer the following questions: (20%)
 - (a) What is the significance of the negative sign in the equation $\vec{E} = -\nabla V$? (V : a scalar potential function)
 - (b) Given the scalar potential function $V = 10y(x^3 + 5)$ V, find \vec{E} at the surface $y=0$