

科目：經濟學乙 適用：國企系乙組

編號：332

考生注意：

1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。
2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分。
3. 限用藍、黑色筆作答；試題須隨卷繳回。

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請回答所有問題，並清楚標明題號。請勿使用紅筆作答。

Part1. Microeconomics

Explain the following terms (50%, 5% each)

1. Kinked Demand Curve
2. Comparative Advantage
3. Coase Theorem
4. Hold-up problem
5. Market Structure
6. Prisoner's Dilemma
7. Deadweight Loss
8. Competitive Advantage
9. Minimum Efficient Scale
10. Four-Firm Concentration Ratio

Part2. Macroeconomics

1. Briefly explain the following statements. (5 points each)

- (1) Profit-maximizing behavior on the part of firms explains why the short-run aggregate supply curve is upward-sloping.
- (2) If the dollar increases in value relative to foreign currencies so that foreign goods become cheaper in the United States, then the short-run aggregate supply curve shifts outward.
- (3) In Tobin's analysis of the speculative demand for money, people will hold both money and bonds, even if bonds are expected to earn a positive return.
- (4) Bond prices are negatively related to the interest rates.

2. (20 points) Suppose that the public believes that a newly announced anti-inflation program will work and so lowers its expectations of future inflation. Please use an aggregate demand

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and supply diagram to illustrate what will happen to aggregate output and the price level in the short run?

3. (10 points) The increases in government spending raise the aggregate demand curve. Please explain why fiscal policy by itself cannot necessarily be the source of inflation.

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