

一、單選題(共 30 分)：每題有五個選項，選擇一個最適當的答案，每題答對得 5 分；未作答、答錯或答多於一個選項者，該題以 0 分計算。

1. Which of the following statements is false?

- (a) Random signals are signals that take on random values at any given time instant and must be modeled probabilistically.
- (b) The unit impulse function $\delta(t)$ is defined in terms of the integral

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t)\delta(t)dt = x(0)$$

where $x(t)$ is any test function that is continuous at $t = 0$.

- (c) The unit step function $u(t)$ is defined to be the integral of the unit impulse function.
- (d) The continuous-time Fourier transform of a real even signal is complex and even.
- (e) The continuous-time Fourier series representation of a signal is unique.

2. Let the notation $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(f)$ be a continuous-time Fourier transform pair; therefore, $x(t)$, $x_1(t)$, and $x_2(t)$ are signals with their Fourier transforms $X(f)$, $X_1(f)$, and $X_2(f)$, respectively. Additionally, a, a_1, a_2, t_0 , and f_0 are constants. Which of the following statements is false?

- (a) $a_1x_1(t) + a_2x_2(t) \leftrightarrow a_1X_1(f) + a_2X_2(f)$.
- (b) $x(t - t_0) \leftrightarrow X(f)e^{j2\pi ft_0}$.
- (c) $x(at) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{|a|}X\left(\frac{f}{a}\right)$.
- (d) $X(t) \leftrightarrow x(-f)$.
- (e) $x(t)e^{j2\pi f_0 t} \leftrightarrow X(f - f_0)$.

3. Which of the following statements is false?

- (a) DSB is 100% power efficient.
- (b) Demodulation utilizing a coherent reference is known as synchronous or coherent demodulation.
- (c) Amplitude modulations results when a DC bias is added to the message signal $m(t)$ prior to the modulation process.
- (d) A lower-sideband SSB signal can be generated by passing a DSB signal through an ideal filter that passes the LSB and rejects the USB.
- (e) The process of frequency translation can be accomplished by summation of a bandpass signal by a periodic signal and is referred to as mixing.

4. Suppose that wide-sense stationary Gaussian random process $X(t)$ has mean function 0 and autocorrelation function $R_X(\tau) = \cos\left(\frac{\tau}{T_0}\right)$, where T_0 is a constant. Which of the following statements is false?

- (a) The process $X(t)$ is not necessarily strictly sense stationary.
(b) At a particular time instant t_0 , $X(t_0)$ is a random variable with probability density

$$\text{function } f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left[-\frac{x^2}{2}\right].$$

- (c) The process $X(t)$ is a colored process.
(d) At two particular time instants t_0 and $t_0 + T_0$, the two random variables $X(t_0)$ and $X(t_0 + 2\pi T_0)$ are jointly Gaussian with correlation coefficient 1.
(e) Input $X(t)$ to a filter with impulse response $h(t) = \delta(t) - \delta(t - T_0)$ produces a Gaussian process.

5. Let $\{\phi_1(t), \phi_2(t), \phi_3(t)\}$ be a set of orthonormal signals over the interval $[0, T_s]$. Suppose we want to design a system to transmit a binary information over an additive white Gaussian noise channel. If the logic 0 is represented by $x(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_1(t) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_2(t) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_3(t)$, which of the following signals is the best candidate for logic 1?

- (a) $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_1(t) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_2(t) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_3(t)$.
(b) $\frac{-1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_1(t) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_2(t) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_3(t)$
(c) $\frac{-1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_1(t) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_2(t) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_3(t)$
(d) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_1(t) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_2(t) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_3(t)$
(e) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_1(t) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_2(t) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\phi_3(t)$

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系所別：電機工程學系-信號與媒體通訊組
通訊工程學系-通訊甲組
科目：通訊原理

第 1 節

第 3 頁，共 4 頁

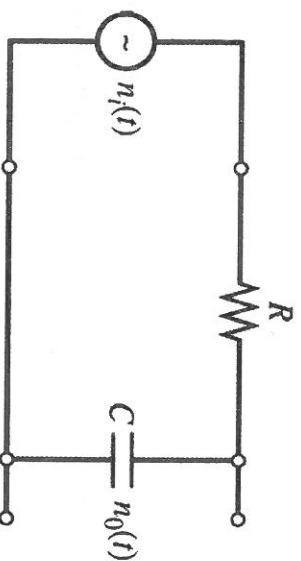
6. Consider a set of binary codewords $\mathbf{c}_1 = [1, 1, 1, 1]$, $\mathbf{c}_2 = [1, -1, 1, 1]$, $\mathbf{c}_3 = [1, -1, -1, -1]$, $\mathbf{c}_4 = [1, 1, -1, -1]$, and $\mathbf{c}_5 = [1, -1, -1, 1]$. Assume that the received signal is $\mathbf{r} = \alpha \mathbf{c}_m + \mathbf{w}$, where $\alpha = -0.4$ is the known channel gain and \mathbf{w} is the additive white Gaussian noise whose entries are of zero mean and variance σ^2 . Suppose that $\mathbf{r} = [0.2, 0.3, -0.1, -0.2]$ is received, the maximum likelihood detector determines the received codeword to be

- (a) \mathbf{c}_1
- (b) \mathbf{c}_2
- (c) \mathbf{c}_3
- (d) \mathbf{c}_4
- (e) \mathbf{c}_5

二、計算題(共 40 分)：

1. (10 分) Determine whether the following signals are energy signals or power signals. Note that A and $\alpha > 0$ are constants.
 - (a) $x_1(t) = Ae^{-\alpha t}u(t)$.
 - (b) $x_2(t) = Au(t)$.
2. (10 分) Consider an FM system operating with the message signal
$$m(t) = A \cos(2\pi f_m t).$$
Find the frequency-modulated signal $x_c(t)$.
3. (10 分) Assume that A and f_0 are constants, and, random variable θ is uniformly distributed over $[0, 2\pi]$. Is random process $X(t) = A \cos(2\pi f_0 t + \theta)$ ergodic?

4. (10 分) A noisy random process $n_i(t)$ with autocorrelation function $R_{n_i}(\tau) = \frac{N_0}{2} \delta(\tau)$ is passed through the following filter



What is the average power of the output process $n_o(t)$?

三、名詞解釋(共 30 分)：請以下列兩名詞為標題，利用數學符號、數學式、圖、表格或其他專業術語寫兩篇短文(每篇至多 500 字)，從該名詞的定義、用途、特性等，分別解釋下列的名詞。

1. (15 分) Linear Modulation
2. (15 分) Pulse shaping filter at the transmitter side