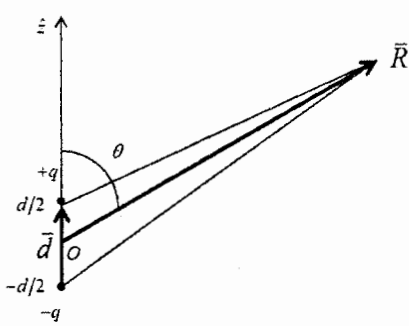


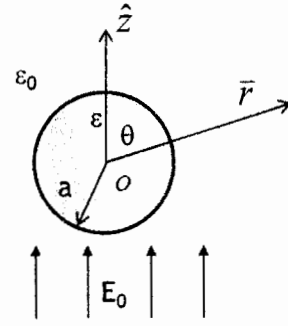
※ 考生請注意：本試題不可使用計算機。請於答案卷(卡)作答，於本試題紙上作答者，不予計分。

1. (10%) For a pair of equal and opposite charges q and $-q$ separated by a small distance d , find the electric field \vec{E} at location \vec{R} ($|\vec{R}| \gg d$) in terms of $\vec{p} = q\vec{d}$ and \vec{R} (using

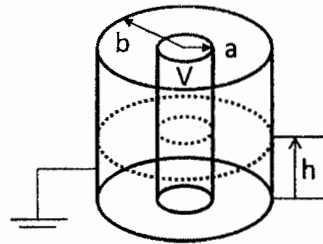
$$|\vec{R} \pm \vec{d}/2|^{-3} = \left| \left(\frac{\vec{R} \pm \vec{d}/2}{R} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{\vec{R} \pm \vec{d}/2}{R} \right) \right|^{-3/2} = \left| R^2 \pm \vec{R} \cdot \vec{d} + \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \right|^{-3/2} = \left| R^2 \pm \vec{R} \cdot \vec{d} \right|^{-3/2} = R^{-3} \left(1 \mp \frac{\vec{R} \cdot \vec{d}}{R^2} \right)$$



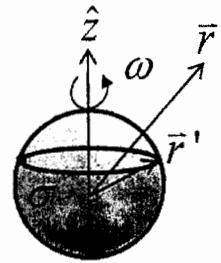
Problem 1



Problem 2



problem 3



problem 4

2. (15%) For a dielectric sphere with radius a placed in a uniform electric field $\vec{E} = E_0 \hat{z}$. Using the continuity boundary conditions, find

- (a) the potential Φ inside ($r < a$) and outside ($r > a$) the sphere
- (b) electric field \vec{E} inside ($r < a$) and outside ($r > a$) the sphere
- (c) Find the polarizability α of the sphere where α is defined as $P = \epsilon_0 \alpha E_0$

(Expand Φ in $\Phi(r, \theta) = \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} [A_l r^l + B_l r^{-(l+1)}] P_l(\cos \theta)$ and $\hat{z} = \hat{r} \cos \theta - \hat{\theta} \sin \theta$)

3. (15%) For a coaxial cable with inner radius a and outer radius b

- (a) (5%) find the capacitance C per unit length
- (b) (5%) find the self-inductance L per unit length
- (c) (5%) the coaxial cable is vertically stand upright and is maintained at potential V at inner cylinder $r=a$ and grounded at outer radius $r=b$. Find the height h that the oil (with dielectric susceptibility χ_e and mass density ρ) will rise inside the region between $a < r < b$.

4. (10%)

- (a) (5%) Derive ampere's law $\nabla \times \vec{B} = \mu \vec{J}$ in terms of vector potential \vec{A}
- (b) (5%) For a spherical shell of radius R with a uniform surface charge σ spinning along \hat{z} axis at angular velocity ω which carries a surface current density $\vec{J}_s = \sigma \vec{v} = \sigma \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}$, find the total dipole moment \vec{m} of the spherical shell.

5. (20 %) the E-field of a uniform plane wave propagating in a dielectric medium is given by $E(t, z) = \mathbf{a}_x \cos\left(\frac{10^9}{2\pi}t - \frac{z}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \mathbf{a}_y \sin\left(\frac{10^9}{2\pi}t - \frac{z}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$

(5-a) (5 %) Determine the frequency and wavelength of the wave.

(5-b) (5 %) What is the dielectric constant of the medium?

(5-c) (5 %) Describe the polarization of the wave.

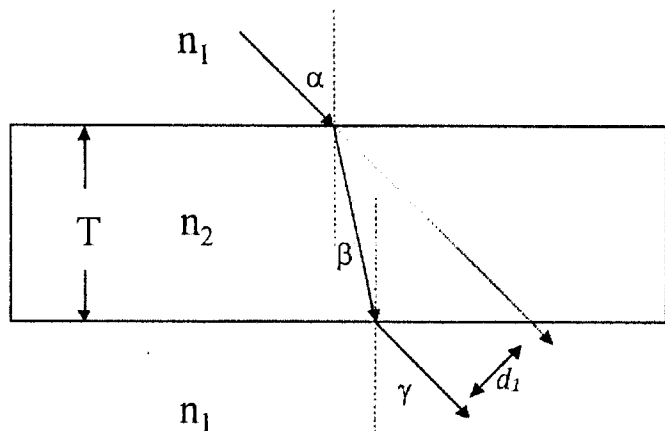
(5-d) (5 %) Find the corresponding H-field.

6. (10 %) (Oblique incidence of plane waves at plane boundaries)

(6-a) (5 %) From Fresnel's equations (Reflection coefficient for parallel polarization) $\Gamma_{\parallel} = \frac{E_{r0}}{E_{i0}} = \frac{\eta_2 \cos\theta_t - \eta_1 \cos\theta_i}{\eta_2 \cos\theta_t + \eta_1 \cos\theta_i}$, and

$\mu_1 = \mu_2$, please derive Brewster angle ($\theta_{B\parallel} = \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon_2}{\epsilon_1}}$) of no reflection for the case of parallel polarization.

(6-b) (5 %) A light ray is incident from air (n_1) obliquely on a transparent sheet thickness T with an index of refraction, n_2 , as shown below. The angle of incidence is α . Find the lateral displacement (d_1) of the emerging ray.



7. (10 %) Determine the dominant and their frequencies in an-air-filled rectangular cavity resonator for (a) $a > b > d$, (b) $a > d > b$, and (c) $a = b = d$, where a , b , and d are the dimensions in the x -, y -, and z -directions, respectively.

8. (10 %) A thin quarter-wavelength vertical antenna over a perfectly conducting ground is excited by a time-harmonic source at its base. Find its radiation pattern, radiation resistance(R_r), and directivity(D). Here, the quarter-wave antenna radiates only into the upper half-space, its total radiated power is $P_r = 18.27 I_m^2$.