

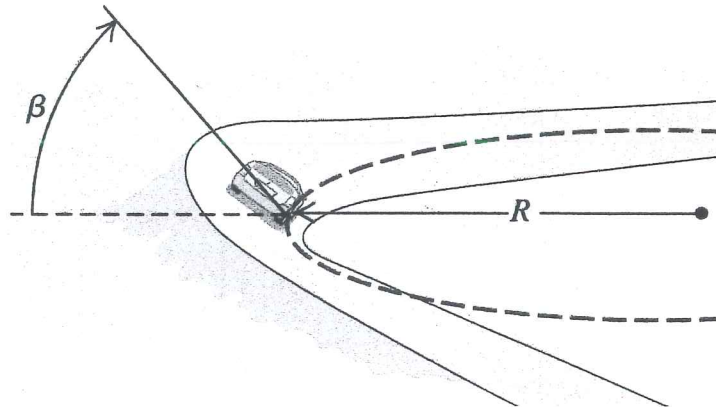
國立臺灣師範大學 101 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

科目：普通物理

適用系所：地球科學系

注意：1.本試題共 2 頁，請依序在答案卷上作答，並標明題號，不必抄題。2.答案必須寫在指定作答區內，否則依規定扣分。

1. A circular racing track of radius R is banked (傾斜) at an angle β so as to provide the centrifugal force (向心力) appropriate for a racing car with velocity v . Find the relation between R , β , v and g . (20 points)



2. Assume that the force between two atoms of mass m can be described by the following potential energy:

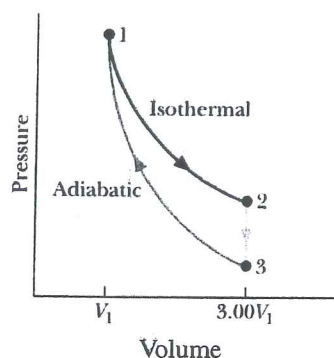
$$U = \frac{c}{r^{12}} - \frac{d}{r^6}$$

Here r is the distance between the two atoms and c , d are constants of appropriate units. (20 points)

- A. Write down the force between the atoms as a function of r . Denote a repulsive (排斥) force as positive.
- B. Calculate the equilibrium distance r_0 between the two atoms, ie. when the force is zero.
- C. If we release the two atoms at rest from a large distance, they will attract and move toward each other. How close will the two atoms get?
3. A 0.50 kg block of wood (木塊) is attached to a spring (彈簧) with an elastic constant of $k = 400 \text{ N/m}$. (20 points)
- A. Pull the wood 15cm away from the equilibrium point and release it so that it starts to oscillate. Calculate the frequency of the oscillation.
- B. Calculate the velocity of the wood when it passes the equilibrium point during the oscillation.

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4. One mole of an ideal gas of diatomic molecules undergoes a thermodynamic cycle that consists of an isothermal, an adiabatic and a constant volume processes as shown in the following P-V diagram. The pressure and temperature at state 1 is $p_1=1 \text{ atm}=1.01 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$, $T_1=600\text{K}$. The volume of the gas at state 2 is three times the volume at state 1. $R=8.314 \text{ J/mol K}$. (20 points)
- What is the pressure of the gas at state 2? What is the temperature and the pressure of the gas at state 3?
 - Calculate the heat emitted by the gas during the constant volume process 23. (If you don't have a calculator, just write down the expression.)
 - Calculate the internal energy difference between the state 1 and 2. What is the internal energy difference between the state 2 and 3?



5. Consider a electric dipole, consisting of a point charge q at coordinate $(0,0,d/2)$ and a point charge $-q$ at coordinate $(0,0,-d/2)$. Turn on a uniform electric field in the x direction $\vec{E} = E_0 \cdot \hat{e}_x$ with magnitude E_0 . (20 points)
- Calculate the total electric force by the field on the electric dipole.
 - Calculate the torque on the electric dipole around the y axis.
 - Now turn off the uniform electric field. Calculate the electric field generated by the electric dipole at $(r,0,0)$ when $r \gg d$.