招	生导		度	101	招	生	類	別	碩士班	
系	所	班	別	生命科學系 生物技術碩士班(甲組)、材料科學與工程學系碩士班						
科			目	物理化學						
注	意	事	項	本考科可使用掌上型計算機						

- 1. The initial state of a perfect gas (1 mol) is 10 atm and 600 K. It expands isothermally to a pressure of 1 atm. Determine the value of  $\Delta S$ . (R = 8.314 JK<sup>-1</sup>mol<sup>-1</sup> = 0.082 LatmK<sup>-1</sup>mol<sup>-1</sup>) (20 %).
- It was found that x<sub>A</sub> = 0.220 (mole fraction of A in the liquid phase) and y<sub>A</sub> = 0.314 (mole fraction of A in the vapor phase) for a binary mixture at 30°C and 101.3 kPa. Calculate the activity coefficient of both components (γ<sub>A</sub> and γ<sub>B</sub>) on the Raoult's law basis. Assume P<sub>A</sub>\* = 73.0 kPa and P<sub>B</sub>\* = 92.1 kPa for vapor pressure of pure A and pure B, respectively. (20 分)
- 3. Prove that  $\Delta G$  is the maximum amount of non-PV work can be extracted at constant T and P. (Use G = H-TS) (20 %)
- 4. The wavefunction for the motion of a particle in a ring is of the form  $\Psi = Ne^{im\phi}$ . Determine the normalization constant N. (20 %)
- 5. A rate constant is 1.78\*10<sup>-4</sup> Lmol<sup>-1</sup>s<sup>-1</sup> at 19°C and 1.38\*10<sup>-3</sup> Lmol<sup>-1</sup>s<sup>-1</sup> at 37°C. Find the Arrhenius parameters of the reaction. (R = 8.314 JK<sup>-1</sup>mol<sup>-1</sup>) (20 分)