

招生學年度	101	招生類別	碩士班
系所班別	應用數學系統計碩士班		
科目	基礎數學		
注意事項	本考科禁止使用掌上型計算機；含微積分及線性代數		

1. (15%) Find

$$\int \frac{dx}{x^4 + 4}$$

2. (15%) Find

$$\iint_{\Omega} \frac{1}{(1+x^2+y^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx dy,$$

where $\Omega = \{(x, y) : x \leq 1, y \geq 0 \text{ and } x \geq y\}$. (Hint: $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \sin^{-1} x + C$.)

3. (15%)

(a) (3%) State the Rolle's Theorem.

(b) (7%) Prove that if f and g are differentiable on (a, b) , continuous on $[a, b]$, and g' is never 0 in (a, b) , then there exists a number c in (a, b) , such that

$$\frac{f'(c)}{g'(c)} = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{g(b) - g(a)}$$

(Hint: Consider $G(x) = [g(b) - g(a)][f(x) - f(a)] - [g(x) - g(a)][f(b) - f(a)]$.)

(c) (5%) State and prove the Mean-Value Theorem.

4. (15%) Solve the linear differential system

$$\begin{aligned} x_1' &= x_1 - x_2 - x_3 \\ x_2' &= -x_1 + x_2 - x_3 \\ x_3' &= -x_1 - x_2 + x_3. \end{aligned}$$

5. (15%) Consider the vector space P_2 of polynomials of degree at most 2. Let $T : P_2 \rightarrow P_2$ be the linear transformation such that $T(1) = 3 + 2x + x^2$, $T(x) = 2$, $T(x^2) = 2x^2$. Find $T^{100}(x + 2)$.

6. (25%) Let W be a subspace of \mathbb{R}^5 , $\beta = \{(1, -1, 1, 0, 1), (3, -1, 2, 1, 2), (8, -9, 5, -11, -2)\}$ be a basis for W .

(a) (6%) Find an orthonormal basis for W that contains $(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{-1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 0, \frac{1}{2})$.

(b) (6%) Find a basis for W^\perp . (W^\perp is the orthogonal complement of W)

(c) (6%) Find the projection of $b = (4, 0, -2, -1, 2)$ on W and the distance from the point $p = (4, -1, -2, 0, 1)$ in \mathbb{R}^5 to the subspace W .

(d) (7%) Let P be the projection matrix for W .

i. (2%) Find all eigenvalues of P .

ii. (5%) Show that P is diagonalizable.