

科目：英文

系所組：歷史學系碩士班

【試題隨彌封答案卷繳回】

共四大題：選擇題部分(1-35題)請自行畫格子，作答格式(範例)如下：

1. A	2. A	3. A	4. A	5. A	6. A	7. A	8. A	9. A	10. A
11. B	12. B	13. B	14. B	15. B	16. B	17. B	18. B	19. B	20. B

以此類推...

請依照上述範例之格式，以橫式書寫方式將全部題號與答案寫在彌封答案卷，自第一頁起作答。

答案字母請用正楷大寫(A,B,C,D...)。

注意：1.未按作答格式作答者，扣該科總分10分。2.未在彌封答案卷內作答者，該題不予計分。

I. Vocabulary & Structure. Each of the following sentences is provided with four choices. Choose the one that best completes the sentence. (15%)

- It is often said that prevention is better than cure, so why not take some _____ in advance?
A) proportions B) procedures C) prosperities D) precautions
- After eleven o'clock in the evening, the bus is almost empty _____ the driver and the conductor.
A) instead of B) apart from C) except for D) in spite of
- In December, 2010 President Obama took one of the biggest risks of his presidency by pushing for _____ of an arms control pact with the Russians.
A) sanction B) recognition C) ratification D) participation
- The habit of doing extensive reading helps to lay the _____ of children's writing skills.
A) aberration B) foundation C) compassion D) composition
- Advertising is distinguished from other forms of communication _____ the advertiser pays for the message to be delivered.
A) in that B) what C) in which D) because of
- Michelle would certainly have attended advisory board meeting _____ on the highway.
A) had she not a flat tire B) had she not had a flat tire C) if she didn't get a flat tire
D) should she have not a flat tire
- We can always work toward improving our self-control, and, _____, we can help others do the same.
A) that is B) by contrast C) instead D) more importantly
- In Turkey, many people are _____. You're supposed to smile when you see the new moon in the sky, and the month will bring good fortune.
A) superior B) superficial C) superstitious D) surreptitious
- Never hold any one by the button or the hand in order to be heard out; for if people are unwilling to listen to you, _____ hold your tongue.
A) you had B) it's better to C) you have D) had you better to
- Martin Luther King's _____ in bringing civil rights to his black fellow men is still admired today.
A) exclusion B) migration C) perplexity D) persistence
- When Willy left the library yesterday afternoon, he found his bicycle _____.
A) stolen B) stealing C) be stolen D) to be stolen
- Mr. Brighton asked _____ since he had been chairman for seven years in this company.
A) not to be re-elected B) to not be re-elected C) not to have been re-elected
D) to not have been re-elected
- In Taipei you can buy a huge _____ of ready-to-eat food at street stalls or in shops, to take out and eat as you walk along.
A) chunk B) variety C) package D) satchel
- According to scientists, a person's attention is attracted _____ by static objects as by moving objects.
A) not so much B) much not so C) so not much D) so much not
- The chairman requested that _____.
A) the problem was more carefully studied B) the members studied the problem more carefully
C) the members study the problem more carefully D) the problem could be more carefully studied

※ 注意：1.考生須在「彌封答案卷」上作答。

2.本試題紙空白部份可當稿紙使用。

3.考生於作答時可否使用計算機、法典、字典或其他資料或工具，以簡章之規定為準。

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II. Cloze. Each blank in the following passage is provided with four possible choices. Choose the best answer for each blank. (40%)

The aftermath of World War I saw drastic political, cultural, and social change across Europe, Asia, Africa, and even in areas outside those that were directly involved. Four empires collapsed 16 the war, old countries were abolished, new ones were formed, boundaries were 17, international organizations were established, and many new and old ideologies 18 in people's minds.

World War I also had the 19 of bringing political transformation to Germany and the United Kingdom 20 bringing near-universal suffrage to these two European powers, 21 mass electoral democracies for the first time in history. The postwar disillusion of the 1920s was a spiritual matter, just as Eliot's Waste Land was a spiritual and not a 22 wasteland. Depression and unemployment in the early 1930s, 23 by the rise of Hitler and the cruel shadow of Fascism and Nazism over Europe, 24 its threat of another war, represented another sort of wasteland that left devastating consequences.

The Second World War, a global war, is generally 25 to have lasted from 1939 to 1945, although some conflicts in Asia that are commonly viewed as becoming part of the world war 26 earlier than 1939. It 27 the vast majority of the world's nations—including all of the great powers—eventually forming two 28 military alliances: the Allies and the Axis. It was the most widespread war in history, with 29 100 million people, from more than 30 different countries, serving in military units. 30 a state of "total war", the major participants 31 their entire economic, industrial, and scientific capabilities behind the war effort, erasing the distinction between civilian and military resources. Marked 32 mass deaths of civilians, including the Holocaust and the first use of nuclear weapons in warfare, it 33 an estimated 50 million to 85 million fatalities. These made World War II 34 conflict in human history. World War II altered the political 35 and social structure of the world. The United Nations (UN) was established to foster international co-operation and prevent future conflicts.

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| 16. A) from | B) due to | C) by | D) with |
| 17. A) redraw | B) redrew | C) redrawing | D) redrawn |
| 18. A) took a firm hold | B) beat around the bush | C) ate their heart out | D) picked out of a hat |
| 19. A) affect | B) effect | C) affection | D) efficiency |
| 20. A) at | B) by | C) from | D) with |
| 21. A) breaking them up | B) pointing them out | C) turning them into | D) tearing them down |
| 22. A) literal | B) literary | C) literally | D) literature |
| 23. A) follow | B) followed | C) following | D) to follow |
| 24. A) in | B) by | C) for | D) with |
| 25. A) abridged | B) aligned | C) considered | D) demonstrated |
| 26. A) began | B) had begun | C) has begun | D) have begun |
| 27. A) involved | B) evolved | C) enveloped | D) revolved |
| 28. A) oppose | B) opposed | C) opposing | D) opposite |
| 29. A) better than | B) fewer than | C) less than | D) more than |
| 30. A) At | B) In | C) By | D) Over |
| 31. A) threw | B) throw | C) throwing | D) thrown |
| 32. A) In | B) with | C) by | D) from |
| 33. A) caused by | B) lead to | C) with effect from | D) resulted in |
| 34. A) deadly | B) the deadly | C) the deadlier | D) the deadliest |
| 35. A) adjustment | B) alignment | C) alimnt | D) arrangement |

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III. Translate FIVE of the following Chinese idioms into English. [選五題作答] (15%)

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|---------------|--------------|
| 1) 強詞奪理 | 5) 別有用心 |
| 2) 色厲內荏 | 6) 欺世盜名 |
| 3) 溫故知新 | 7) 冒天下之大不韙 |
| 4) 冰凍三尺，非一日之寒 | 8) 前事不忘，後事之師 |

IV. Essay Writing (30%)

The prevalence of cellular phone use and texting has caused young people to be less able to concentrate and focus.

To what extent do you agree with the above statement? Give reasons for your answer. If you disagree, you can do the reverse—arguing that texting and cell phone use has allowed people to handle multi-tasking more effectively and efficiently.

- Write a well-organized essay with a title, an introduction, a body and a conclusion.
- You should write at least 150 words.

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