淡江大學 103 學年度碩士班招生考試試題



系別: 化學工程與材料工程學系 科目: 物理化學

考試日期:3月2日(星期日) 第2節

本試題共 5大題,

- 20 points 1. Use appropriate state functions and relevant notions to explain the following terms.
 - (1) the first law of thermodynamics
 - (2) the third law of thermodynamics
 - (3) Clausius inequality
 - (4) Clausius-Clapeyron equation
- 20 points 2. Determine the net cell reaction and calculate the cell potential of the cell composed of Ni $^{2+}$ /Ni and Cu $^{2+}$ /Cu electrodes at 298K, if a $_{Ni}$ $^{2+}$ =0.85 and $a_{Cu}^{2+}=0.22.$

Data: The standard electrode potentials at 298K are as follows:

$$Cu^{2+}$$
 + 2e = Cu $E^0 = 0.337 \text{ V}$
 Ni^{2+} + 2e = Ni $E^0 = -0.250 \text{ V}$

20 points 3. One mole of an ideal gas, initially occupying 10.0 liters at 300K, expands adiabatically and reversibly to 20.0 liters. Calculate the final temperature and pressure.

Data: Given $C_{v,m} = 2.5 \text{ R}$.

20 points 4. If Kp at 723K is 0.02 for the reaction $2HI_{(g)} \rightleftharpoons H_{2(g)} + I_{2(g)}$. Calculate ΔG° for this reaction. Also, estimate Kp at 500K, assuming that ΔH° is constant.

> ΔH_f^{o} (HI,g) = 26.48 KJmol⁻¹ Data:

$$\Delta H_f^{o}(I_2,g) = 62.44 \text{ KJmol}^{-1}$$

20 points 5. A second-order reaction of the type $A + B \rightarrow C$ was carried out in a solution that initially was 0.4 moldm⁻³ in A and 0.4 moldm⁻³ in B. After one hour, the concentration of A was 0.15moldm⁻³. Calculate the rate constant and determine the half-life of this reaction.