

元智大學 九十七 學年度研究所 碩士班

系(所)別： 先進能源研究所
碩士班

組別： 能源技術組

科目： 工程數學

用紙第 / 頁共 頁

●不可使用電子計算機

1. (16 %) Using the method of variation of parameters to solve the differential equation

$$y'' - \frac{4}{x}y' + \frac{4}{x^2}y = x^2 + 1, \quad x > 0$$

2. (17 %) Using the method of Laplace Transformation to solve the initial value problem of $y(t)$

$$y'' - 6y' + 9y = t^2 e^{3t} \quad \text{with} \quad y(0) = 2, \quad y'(0) = 17$$

3. (17 %) For the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$,

- (1) Find the eigenvalues of A . (5 %)
- (2) Find an orthogonal matrix P such that $P^T A P$ is diagonal. (7 %)
- (3) Find the inverse of A^2 . (5 %)

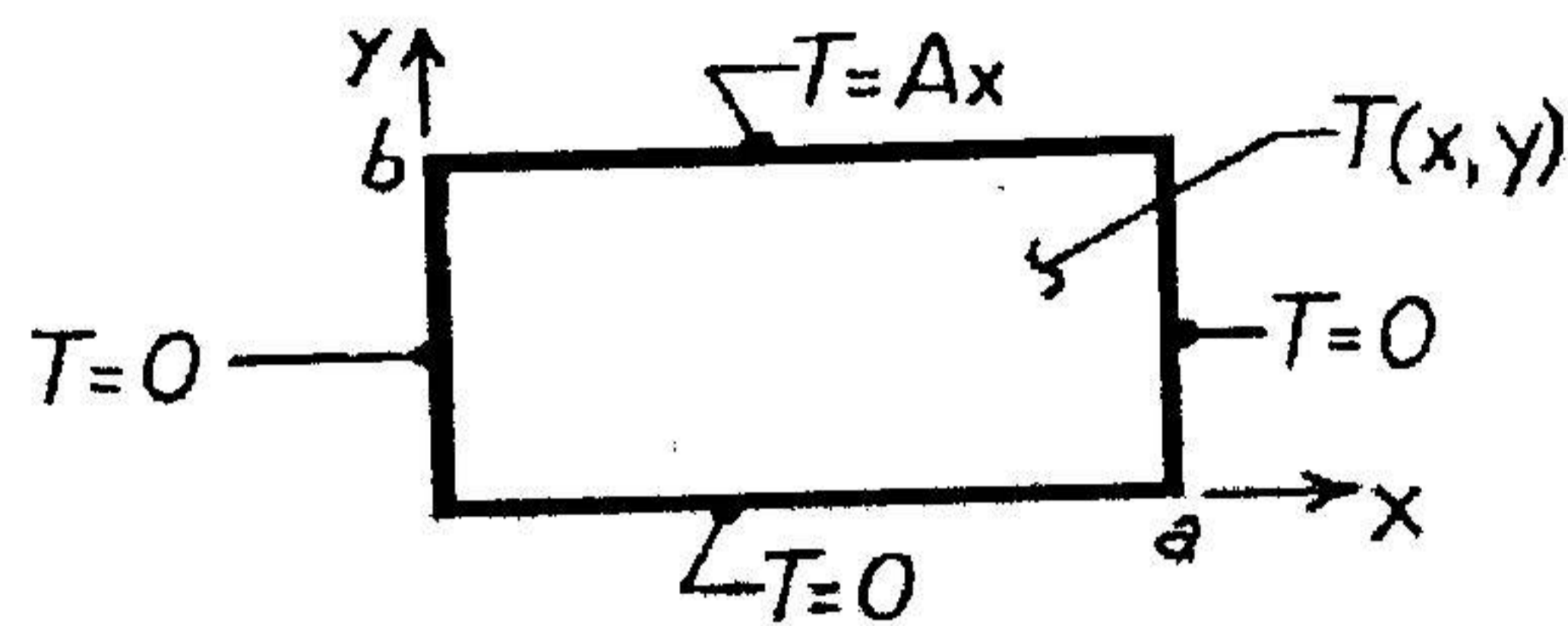
4. (16 %) Show that a region T with boundary surface S has the volume $V = \frac{1}{3} \iint_S r \cos \phi \, dA$,

where r is the distance of a variable point $P: (x, y, z)$ on S from the origin O and ϕ is the angle between the directed line OP and the outer normal of S at P . And then find the volume of a ball of radius a by means of the formula.

(命題請用黑色鋼筆、原子筆繕寫或電腦打字；試題字體務求清晰，並一律以正面單頁書寫，背面請勿書寫。)

●不可使用電子計算機

5. (17 %) A two-dimensional rectangular plate is subjected to the boundary conditions shown. Derive an expression for the steady-state temperature distribution $T(x,y)$



Steady state, 2D, constant properties conduction heat transfer problem.

$$\text{Eq.} \Rightarrow \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial y^2} = 0,$$

$$\text{B.C.} \Rightarrow T(0, y) = T(x, 0) = T(a, y) = 0, T(x, b) = Ax$$

$$T(x, y) = ?$$

6. (17 %) We know that forced oscillations of a body of mass m on a spring are governed by the equation of

$$m y'' + cy' + ky = r(t) \quad \text{---(a)}$$

where k is the spring modulus and c is the damping constant. If the external force $r(t)$ is a sine or cosine function and the damping constant is not zero, the steady-state solution represents a homonic oscillation having the frequency of external force.

Let $m = 1 \text{ gm}$, $c = 0.02 \text{ gm/sec}$, and $k = 25 \text{ gm/sec}^2$, so that (a) equation become $y'' + 0.02y' + 25y = r(t)$,

Where $r(t)$ is measured in gm.cm/sec^2 . Let

$$r(t) = \begin{cases} t + \pi/2, & \text{when } -\pi < t < 0, \\ -t + \pi/2, & \text{when } 0 < t < \pi \end{cases}$$

$$, r(t + 2\pi) = r(t),$$

Find the steady state solution $y(t)$?

Hint: represent $r(t)$ by a Fourier series, obtain the general solution of $y(t)$