## 國立彰化師範大學97學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系所: 資訊工程學系碩士班

科目: 資料結構

☆☆請在答案紙上作答☆☆

共<u>1</u>頁,第<u>1</u>頁

- 1. Please prove the following statements: (10%)
  - (1) If  $f(n) = a_m n^m + a_{m-1} n^{m-1} \dots + a_1 n + a_0$ , then  $f(n) = O(n^m)$ (2) If  $f(n) = 1^k + 2^k + \dots + n^k$ , then  $f(n) = O(n^{k+1})$
- 2. If a tree has a node of degree one, two nodes of degree two, three nodes of degree three...., n nodes of degree n, how many leaf nodes are there in this tree? (10%)
- Let  $b_n$  denote the number of distinct binary trees with n nodes. Please derive and solve the recurrence of  $b_n$ . (15%)
- Explain the following terms in the context of data structures: (15%)
  - (a) NP problem
  - (b) NP-Complete problem
  - (c) NP-hard problem
- Show that building a heap of size n can be done in linear time. (10%)
- What is the lower bound of the comparison based sorting algorithm? Justify your answer. (10%)
- 7. Suppose there are n branch nodes of a binary tree. Let I and E denote the sum of path lengths of the branch nodes and the sum of the path lengths of the leaves, respectively. How related E to I? and why? (10%)
- 8. Read the following data in the given order, and show the corresponding trees.
  - 17, 35, 23, 38, 26, 11, 33, 19, 9
  - (a) Binary search tree (5%)
  - (b) AVL tree (5%)
  - (c) Min-Max Heap (5%)
  - (d) 2-3 tree (5%)