

# 國立成功大學

## 113學年度碩士班招生考試試題

編 號：63

系 所：機械工程學系

科 目：流體力學

日 期：0201

節 次：第 1 節

備 註：可使用計算機

※ 考生請注意：本試題可使用計算機。請於答案卷(卡)作答，於本試題紙上作答者，不予計分。

1. (20%) The velocity field is given as  $\vec{v} = x(1+2t)\vec{i} + y\vec{j}$  (m/s). You can leave your answer in terms of exponential.

(a)(5%) A particle passes (1,1) at  $t = 0$  s. Find where it is at  $t = 3$  s.

(b)(3%) Find the acceleration in  $x$  direction at (1,1) at  $t = 0$  s.

(c)(6%) Find the pressure difference between at (0,0) and (2,2) at  $t = 0$  s assuming density is  $1 \text{ kg/m}^3$ .

(d)(3%) If this flow is incompressible, write down a partial differential equation that can solve density  $\rho$  (you don't need to solve this equation).

(e)(3%) Continue from (d), if density at (1,1) at  $t = 0$  is  $\rho_0$ , find the density at  $(e^{12}, e^3)$  at  $t = 3$  s.

2. (15%) A snow plow mounted on a truck clears a path of 3.6 m through heavy wet snow, as shown in Figure 1. The snow is 2.4 m deep and its density is  $160 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . The truck travels at 48 km/hr. The snow is discharged from the plow at an angle of  $45^\circ$  from the direction of travel and  $45^\circ$  above the horizontal, as shown Figure 1. Estimate the force required to push the plow.

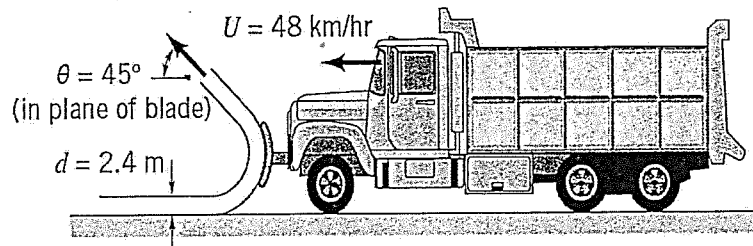


Figure 1

3. (15%) A table tennis ball weighing  $2.45 \times 10^{-2} \text{ N}$  with diameter  $D = 3.8 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$  at a velocity of  $U = 12 \text{ m/s}$  with a back spin of angular velocity  $\omega$  (rad/s) as is shown in Figure 2. The air density is  $1.23 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , and the kinematic viscosity  $\nu$  is  $7.6 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$ .

(a) (5%) Determine, with the aid of dimensional analysis, how the lift force  $L$  depends on  $D$ ,  $U$ ,  $\omega$ ,  $\rho$ , and  $\nu$ .

(b) (5%) Explain briefly why a back spin rotation can induce a lift force.

(c) (5%) The lift coefficient  $C_L$  is defined as shown in the vertical axis of Figure 3, and its value is function of  $D$ ,  $U$ , and  $\omega$  ( $\omega D/2U$ ) as shown in the horizontal axis of that figure when the Reynolds number is  $6 \times 10^4$ . What is the value of  $\omega$  of the ball is to travel on a horizontal path, not dropping due to the gravity?

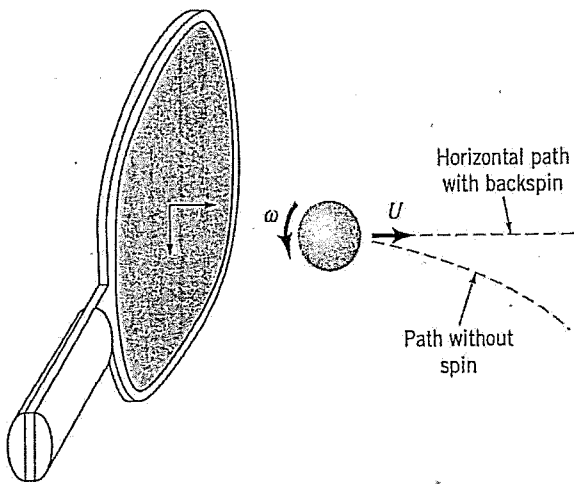


Figure 2

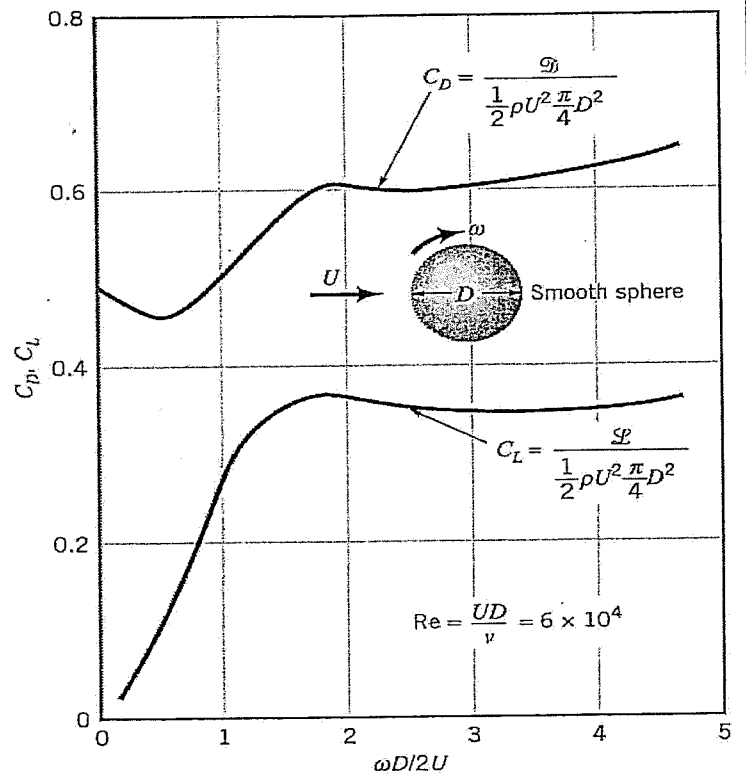
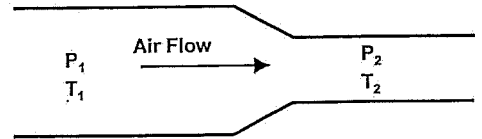


Figure 3.  $C_L$  as  $Re = 6 \times 10^4$

4. Multiple choice questions.

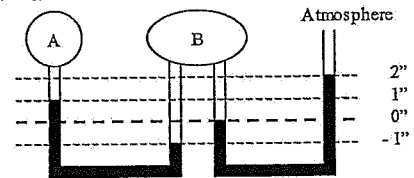
(1) (5%) Air flows through a well-insulated pipe and enters a section where the cross sectional area is smaller. Viscosity, friction, and gravitational effects are negligible. Select the letter of the correct statement regarding the temperatures,  $T$ , and pressures,  $P$ , of the air flow.

- (a)  $P_2 = P_1$  and  $T_2 = T_1$  (b)  $P_2 > P_1$  and  $T_2 > T_1$   
 (c)  $P_2 > P_1$  and  $T_2 < T_1$  (d)  $P_2 < P_1$  and  $T_2 > T_1$   
 (e)  $P_2 < P_1$  and  $T_2 < T_1$



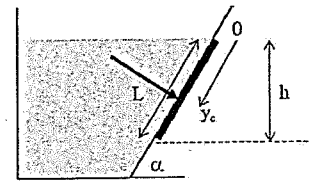
(2) (5%) Two tanks filled with air and connected by water-filled manometers are shown below. The water levels are as shown. Select the letter of the correct answer for the gage pressure for Tank A.

- (a)  $P_A = +3''$  water (b)  $P_A = +1''$  water  
 (c)  $P_A = +0''$  water (d)  $P_A = -1''$  water  
 (e)  $P_A = -3''$  water



(3) (5%) A tank containing water with a plate of length  $L$  and width  $W$  is shown in the figure. The location of the force on the plate is?

- (a)  $y_c = L/2$  (b)  $y_c = 3L/2$  (c)  $y_c = h/2$   
 (d)  $y_c = 3h/2$  (e)  $y_c = h/(2\sin \alpha)$   
 (f)  $y_c = 3h/(2\sin \alpha)$



5. Consider the steady, planar flow of an incompressible and inviscid fluid (density  $\rho$ ) in a right-angle corner as given in Figure 4 (the stream function of the flow,  $\psi = Axy$ , where  $A$  is a constant).

- (a) (5%) Show that this flow is irrotational.  
 (b) (8%) Find an expression for the pressure,  $p$ , at any point in the flow assuming that the pressure at the origin,  $p_0$ , is known. The  $y$ -axis is vertically upward and the only body force is that due to gravity,  $g$ .  
 (c) (7%) If the  $x$ -axis is a thin wall with a uniform pressure,  $p_0$ , on its underside, find the vertical force on that portion of the wall between  $x = 0$  and  $x = 1$ . Assume unit depth perpendicular to the sketch.

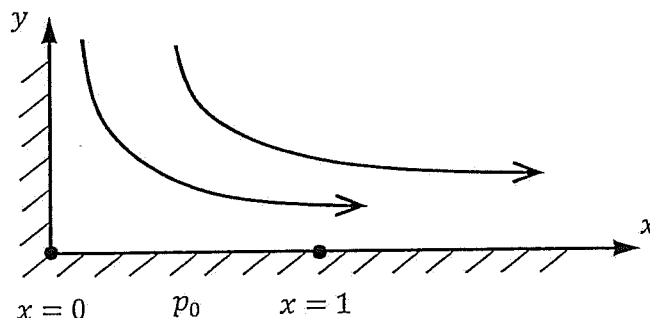


Figure 4

6. (15%) A tank contains  $1 \text{ m}^3$  of water at  $20^\circ\text{C}$  ( $\rho = 998 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,  $\mu = 0.001 \text{ kg/m}\cdot\text{s}$ ) and has a drawn-capillary outlet tube (wall roughness  $\epsilon = 0.0015 \text{ mm}$ ) at the bottom, as in Figure 5. Neglecting all minor loss and using the Moody chart (shown below), find the outlet volume flux  $Q$  in  $\text{m}^3/\text{hour}$  at this instant.

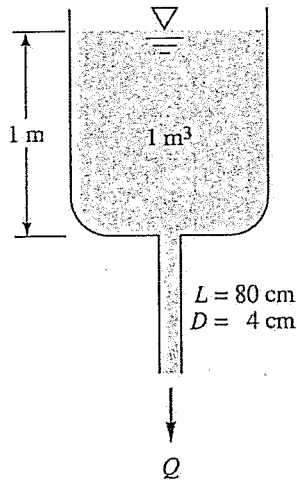


Figure 5

