國立清華大學命題紙

97 學年度 生醫工程與環境科學系 (所) 丙(醫學物理與工程)組碩士班入學考試 科目 應用數學 科目代碼 2702 共2 頁第1 頁 *請在【答案卷卡】內作答

1. (10%) Write the general solutions to

$$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

as the sum of a particular solution to Ax=b and the general solution to Ax=0.

2. (10%) Find the general solution of the following differential equation

$$y'' + xy' - y = e^{3x}$$
. Hint $e^{3x} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{3^k}{k!} x^k$.

3. (10%) Given $P_n(x) = \sum_{m=0}^{M} (-1)^m \frac{(2n-2m)!}{2^n m! (n-m)! (n-2m)!} x^{n-2m}$, when n is even,

m=n/2, else m=(n-1)/2 show that:

(a)
$$P_n(x) = \frac{1}{2^n n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} [(x^2 - 1)^n]$$

(b)
$$(n+1)P_{n+1}(x) = (2n+1)xP_n(x) - nP_{n-1}(x)$$

4. (10%) (a) Compute the eigenvectors and eigenvalues of A.

(b) Is it possible to write A in the form PDP^{-1} , where D is diagonal and P is invertible? If yes, what are D and P?

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

5. (10%) Consider the Gamma function $\Gamma(\alpha) = \int_0^\infty e^{-r} \tau^{\alpha-1} d\tau$, $\Gamma(\alpha+1) = \alpha \Gamma(\alpha)$ and the fact $\Gamma(1/2) = \sqrt{\pi}$. Find the Laplace transforms (a) $L\{t^\gamma\}$ and (b) $L\{t^{-1/2}\}$.

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 - 6. (10 %) A mass attached to a spring is released from rest 1m below the equilibrium position (y(0)=1, y'(0)=0) for the mass-spring system and begins to vibrate. After $\pi/2$ seconds, the mass is struck by a hammer exerting an impulse on the mass. The system is governed by the initial value problem $y'' + 9y = -3\delta\left(t \frac{\pi}{2}\right), y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0$

where y(t) denotes the displacement from equilibrium at time t. Solve y(t) and observe what happens to the mass after it is struck.

- 7. (10 %) Solve the initial value problem $\frac{dy}{dt} = 1 + y + t^2y + t^2$, y(0) = 0.
- 8. (10 %) Find the general solution to the following differential equation

$$x^{2}y'' + xy' + \left(x^{2} - \frac{1}{4}\right)y = x^{5/2}, \quad x > 0$$

9. (10%) (a) Solve the initial value problem

$$y'' + \omega^2 y = \sin \gamma t$$
, $y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0, \omega \neq \gamma$

(b) If $\omega \rightarrow \gamma$, what will be the solution?

10. (10 %) Given $J_{\nu-1}(x) + J_{\nu+1}(x) = \frac{2\nu}{x} J_{\nu}(x)$ and $J_{\nu-1}(x) - J_{\nu+1}(x) = 2J'_{\nu}(x)$, show that

$$\frac{d}{dx}[xJ_{\nu}(x)J_{\nu+1}(x)] = x[J_{\nu}^{2}(x) - J_{\nu+1}^{2}(x)]$$